Q.—Were not all the charges made by you against
Mr. Church considered by that committee, and was not a
report made adverse to you? A.—I believe they were.
Q.—Were you not before the committee. A.—I did
appear before it until I was satisfied that the members
of it did not want to get at the facts.

The investigation will go on to-day.

IS IT ANOTHER ILLEGAL "COMBINE"? ASSEMBLYMAN O'CONNOR IN PURSUIT OF THE

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES. Nicholas R. O'Connor, member of Assembly from the XXIIId New-York District, was before the Board of Electrical Control yesterday to protest, on behalf of the people of his Assembly District, against the granting of permits by the commission to companies to erect new electric light poles, or continue the stretching of wires under the elevated railway structure. He had the affidavit of William P. Lynch, of No. 61 East Oneed-and-nineteenth-st., a taxpayer, who certifies on knowledge and belief that on May 9, when the bids for electric lighting were opened by the Gas Commis-sion, representatives of the Brush, United States, East River, Mount Morris, Ball, American Electric Manufacturing Company and the Harlem Electric Lighting Comuring Company and the Harten Electric of the New-panies crowded around a representative of the New-York Electric Construction Company and by influence, improper or proper, caused him to withdraw his bld, which was for lighting the city at 6 or 7 cents less

than the other companies bid.

The papers in the case are in the hands of L. Laffin Kellogg, a lawyer in the Equitable Building, but evifently the matter was not in a condition to be brought to the attention of the Court of Common Pleas, as was the original intent, for nothing further could be gleaned at Mr. Kellogg's office. An inspection of the papers was not allowed. Neither could it be learned what course the case would take; whether in the form of an injunction to prevent the awarding of the contracts to the various companies, or whether against the companies individually for maintaining a "combine" to

seep up the high electric light charges. There is a possibility that this matter will be investigated by one of the Senate committees, the General Laws, of which Mr. Arnold is chairman, or the Passett Committee, now shedding light on the Aqueduct Board. Senator Passett said last night that he would look into this matter and see if his committee has power, under the resolution passed by the Senate, to bring the Gas Commission before his committee. On the other hand, when the substance of the Lynch affidavits was explained to Senator Coggeshall, one of the leading members of the General Laws Committee. he said that he thought the committee would, under the resolution empowering it to investigate trusts and combines, have authority to get the Mayor, Controller and General Newton before them and the officers of

and General Newton before them and the officers of the various electric light companies, to make them tell what they know about an electric light trust.

At the meeting a reply to the Mayor's last letter was read and adopted. This reply says, in brief, that the Mayor, by declining to order the removal of the wires by the Commissioner of Public Works until the money for such has been appropriated, refuses to give the Commissioner, the authority to ask for the appropriation, an excuse for not complying with the law.

The finding of the corponer's jury in the case of Murray, the lineman, was spread on the minutes of the Board, President Hess voting in the negative.

FORCING AN ORGANIZATION.

EMPLOYES OF THE JEESEY CITY BOARD OF PUB-LIC WORKS DISCHARGED. Thirty-four employes of the Jersey City Board of

Public Works received notice yesterday that they were suspended until the board organizes. Last year the "Big Four" combination in the Board controlled everything. At the recent election, Thomas Reynolds, one of the "Big Four," was defeated and the combination was thereby broken up, but the remaining three held together and have thus far prevented an organization. They control all the patronage now and will not consent to any plan of organization which will deprive them of any of it The other three have made severs offers to compromise but they have been rejected They finally determined upon the heroic measure of suspending all the employes of the department whose services could possibly be dispensed with. They had no legal authority to suspend the employes, but they serve notice upon them that while the Board remained until the services of the organized they would receive no pay. This they ca do as foun votes are required to pass pay-rolls an claims. Commissioner Hilliard, one of the origina "Big Four," was asked to sign the notice and said I would probably do so, but requested an hour in whice to consider the matter. During the hour he hunte up his colleagues, Commissioners Kern and Watt, an onsulted with them. Up to a late hour last night he had not signed the notice. It is thought that the action taken by the "Little Three," as they are called to distinguish them from the "Big Foar," will have the effect of hastening an organization of the Board.

AMERICAN NEWS IN AN ENGLISH PAPER. MR. DEPEW KNOWS NOTHING ABOUT A "VANDER-

BILT OPERETTA "-A MUSICAL FAMILY, The cable yesterday brought startling news to the Grand Central Station in the quotation fro Stephen's Review," of London, to the effect that "one of the great events of the Ascot week" was to be the production of "the new Vanderbilt operatta," simultaneously with its production in New-York. The clerks in the various departments looked over their mail with especial care and scrupulously scrutinized corners of their desks in the hope of finding tickets to the home performance. By some strange oversight there were none distributed. Evidently the comic opera wasn't a part of the Depew boom designed to catch the railroad vote, and the boys came to the conclusion that there must be some structural weakness in the report. The visions of · brilliant performance under some title like "The Merry Freight War," or "The General Passenger Agent's Mate," or "The Beggar Brakeman," faded

into irreclaimable obscurity.

President Depew laughed when asked about the cable dispatch, but he seemed to be thinking too hord on other pressing subjects to use it as a vehicle for an extended play of his happy wit. "This will be news to Mr. Vanderbilt," he said, "and he will probably first hear of it by having it cabled back to England from here. The English reporter in this in stance seems to have outdistanced the American reporter of the sensational and enterprising kind This looks as if in one direction American enterprise was reaching a foreign market without the breaking lown of the home tariff. The principal opera-bouffe down of the home tariff. The principal opera-bounce that I know of now is that of the red bandanna brigade, and I don't think any of the Vanderblits are interested in that. They are musical in their tastes, but I don't believe they are composers or librotic writers. Their interests in the opera line are confined to the Motropolitan Opera House. I know nothing about this 'St. Stephen's Review,' and I fancy it must be a new publication. It certainly starts out with an excellent 'beat' on its rivals." And Mr. Depew laughingly dismissed the subject.

Philadelphia, June 8 (Special).-Professor Henry Leffman having made an analysis of "Ambrosia," a new drink largely sold by "knocked-out" tavern-keepers. reported to-day that it contains 1 1-2 per cent of hol and 4 per cent of extracts of malt and hops, authorities will arrest all persons selling the stuff, inless they have a liquor license.

BOILER, DYNAMITE AND POWDER EXPLODE. Reading, June 8 .- The boller of an engine on the farm of Edwin Mickley, at Maple Grove, Lehigh Valley. exploded this morning and was immediately followed by the explosion of 125 pounds of dynamite and a quantity of powder which was stored in the engine house. Mr. Mickley's barn, erected at a cost of \$5,000 was completely wrecked. Window panes a half-mile distant were broken.

MELD FOR THE SHOOTING OF VIRGIL E. BARNUM. Danbury, Conn., June 8 .- After numerous postements and adjournments the preliminary trial of William H. Hawley, druggist, for the attempted murder of Virgil E. Barnum, his brother-in-law, when he shot on the morning of April 17, in the former's residence in Main-st., has resulted in a verdict of guilty. The accused man declined to give his version of the shooting until the final trial. He was held in \$15,000 bail for trial at the October term of the Superior Court. Barnum is able to attend to business.

NEW IRON WORKS ON LAKE WASHINGTON. "The Scattle Post-Intelligencer" says that an English mpany has secured a site on Lake Washington, where works will soon be creeted. The advantage to the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern Railroad, whose bonds are advertised, must be great, it is admitted, and the expenditure of \$5,000,000 espital since s location has been secured will be a great local advantage. The new town has been named Kirkland, in honor of Peter Kirk, of the Moss Bay Iron and Steel Company, of Cumberland, England.

A NEW REPUBLICAN PAPER IN VIRGINIA. Richmond, Va., June 8 (Special) .-- A new Repub lican newspaper will be started at Floyd Court House next week to oppose Mahone's plan of organization and to fight for protection.

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.
O. C. STOUT, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "I gave it
patient who was unable to transact the most orbusiness, because his brain was 'tired and confused'
be least nental exertion. Immediate benefit and
a recovery followed."

THE BIG MEDIUM NEEDS REST. HER BROTHER THINKS A YEAR WOULD DO. AN ARTIST EXPERT PROVOKES LAUGHTER AT THE

DISS DEBAR TRIAL Matters were enlivened at the Diss Debar trial yesterday by George C. T. Salomon, the female defendant's alleged brother, in whom her lawyers, on cross-examination, caught a Tartar. He identified a number of letters written by Ann O'Delia, and this peculiar postal card written by Diss Debar, which would seem to indicate that his relations with his supposed wife have not been always as pleasant as they might have been:

A- may start down (on a visit to you) at any moment and may use strategy to find out whether I have written to you. Please remember that in any case I have not written to you on any subject whatever.

The card was signed "B. D.," the General's initials reversed. The witness also identified the family bible that contained the record of Sister Ann's birth. It was at this stage that Mr. Townsend and ex-Senator Boyd undertook to tackle" him. The object of their cross-examination was evidently to "rile" him, and but for the good sense, the patience, and the shrewdness of Judge Gildersleeve, they would probably have succeeded in getting Salomon, who is almost as excitable as his sister, committed for contempt of court. After they had pestered him for some time as to his record, the Judge said he would allow them a broad scope in cross-examination, but they must cease putting questions that seemed to have no aim but to irritate the witness.

Mr. Salomon every now and then indulged in confidential asides with the Judge. "What kind of a question is that?" he remarked occasionally. "I don't want that man to make a monkey of me!" was what he yelled at grave Mr. Boyd at one point "My client insists upon my pressing the question," said Mr. Boyd, in reference to another. "Well, your client's out of her mind" said George, complacently. Mr. Boyd tried hard to get the witness to acknowledge that he was appearing against his sister from unworthy motives; but this is what he elicited: "I think there is good in her yet and I want to save that good. I think she wants just one year's

rest of body and mind. Inspector Byrnes testified that while the madame was in his custody, she told him that Mr. Marsh was close-fisted, and she got very little money from him. Christian M. Bovee, ir., of the law firm of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, told how Madame Diss Debar tried to raise \$17,000 on the property at No. 166 Madison-ave., from the Chemcal National Bank, whose attorney he was. The loan was not consummated because he found out about Mr. Marsh's life lease. E. Wood Perry, an artist and member of the Academy, gave expert testimony as to the worthlessness of the

spook" pictures. Mr. Townsend-Do you know positively that the spirits had nothing to do with the painting of these pictures?

A.-Well, I have seen pictures painted with the aid of spirits myself. Mr. Davis-What spirits? A .- Spirits of turpentine.

Two more Academicians, William H. Beard and Charles Wright Turner testified that the pictures were devoid of merit, and bore every appearance of having been painted in oils by a human hand and with common brushes. The case was adjourned till Monday.

THE FIRE RECORD.

	INSURANCES ON TAMMANY HALL.
-	The insurance on Tammany Hall, damaged by fire June 6
9	is as follows:
1	Scottish Union and Na. Connecticut. \$2,500 tional, Eng. \$10,000 Williamsburg City, N.Y 2,500
	Common way the New Pachill, London and
f	York 7,500 Farragut N.Y 2,500
0	LATERDOOL and London Western
0	North British and Mar. Insurance Co. of Penn. 2,500
000	cantile, Eng 5,000 Phonix, Hartford 2,500
d	Phenix, Brooklyn 5,000 Hartford 2.300
+	Committee of the commit
n	1 2 000 Commerce N Y 1,000
đ	German, American N.Y 2.500 Rutgers, N. Y 1,000
77	London and Lancashire, Manufacturers and
al la	Eng. 2,500 Builders', N. Y. 1,000 Ningara, N. Y. 2,500 Royal, Eng. 1,000
0	Greenwich N V. 9 500 Exchange, N. Y 1,000
h	Citizens, N. Y 2,500 Insurance Co. of N. A., 1,000
d	Providence - Washing- Hamilton, N. Y 1,000
d	ton, R. I
10	Automatic, at attended about about
10	LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES.
117	MANUSCRIP AND TRANSPORTER

Miwaukee, June 8 .- A dispatch to "The Evening Wisconsin" from Appleton, Wis., says that the Atlas Paper Mill, owned by a stock company, controlled by the Kimberly Clark Company, was burned this morning. Loss, \$150,000; insurance from \$50,000 to \$60,000 in mutual companies. A fireman was almost asphyxiated in the

burning building.

Meriden, Conn., June 8.-A hospital nearly completed in Meriden, Conn., June 8.—A hospital nearly completed in Planesville and intended for the faith cure was burned this morning by an incendiary fire, Loss, \$8,000; insurance, \$4,500. It was owned by Elder Weymar.

A BETTER FEELING IN BUSINESS CIRCLES.

The business failures throughout the country in the last week as reported by R. C. Dun & Co., of the Mercantile Agency, were 207 for the United States and 28 for Canada, a total of 235 against 205 last week, and 173 in the corresponding week last year. In their review of trade, Messrs. Dun & Co. say among other things: "There is a better feeling in business circles, and it

whole, transactions do not equal those of a year ago The better feeling is due in part to more seasonable weather, in part also to a growing impression that no disturbing changes in tariff are likely to be made this crop prospects. The outlook as to cereals improves steadily, so that there is now reason to hope for a large yield of all grain except wheat. Another encouraging feature is the increase in the output of pig iron, which is not large, but any increase whatever with the low prices now prevailing is significant. Partial reports show s cain of 2.833 tons in weekly output since May 1, due mainly to the opening of three large furnaces in Alabama With this gain, the cutput is still 21,000 tens smaller than November 1, but no advance in price has occurred, and a weekly production of 120,000 tons, with only \$18 obtainable for No. 1 Foundry, would have been considered impossible in any previous year. The market for steel rails shows no change, and while the sales of bar fron are a little larger, prices do not strengthen. other than the best grades of pig iron, the market seem on the whole weaker, and reports are current that produc tion will soon be suspended at a number of furnaces."

SHEA'S DEATH WAS JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE.

Coroner Levy yesterday held an inquest into the death f Jeremiah Shea, the foreman fruit-handler, of No. 10 Oliver-st., who was killed during a scuille with Patrick Green, a 'longshoreman, at Pier No. 19 East River, on June 4. The courtroom was crowded with friends of the dead man and of the prisoner, who occupied a seat beside his counsel. Samuel Elchenfield, a laborer, testified that the prisoner was going down the dock and met Shea. Some words passed between them, and then Shea, after throwing his coat and shoes into the hands of the witness, struck the

Other witnesses corroborated the testimony of Eichen field. The autopsy showed that Shea died from a rupture of the stomach, due either to a fall or to a blow. The Coroner told the jury that the case pointed very strongly to justifiable homicide in view of the surrounding circumtances; Shea struck the first blow, and consequently was espensible in a great measure for what followed. jury accordingly brought in a verdict of justifiable homi-

GERMAN REPUBLICANS FAVOR DEPEW The German Republican Central Committee, of which ex-Collector Morris Friedsam is president, met last night mittee of fifteen to go to Chicago. These are the members of the committee: Ex-Collector Friedsam. S. B. Hamburger, ex-Aldermen Goetz and Sigrist, Adolf Herman, Paul Schnitzler, August Urban, Edward Richards, L. Arnold, J. E. Stern, F. J. Theobald, Henry Lowey, George Rurner, Dr. Fuldar, William Kopf and J. Hamber.
They will have a special car and will accompany the NewYork delegation. The sentiment of the committee is
favorable to Mr. Depew. Mr. Friedsam said that he was
traveiling continually on the New-York Central, and had not as yet found an employe who was hostile to Mr. Depew. From this, Mr. Friedsam argued that the laboring masses would not oppose Mr. Depew's candidacy, especially as he would ru, in the event of his nomination, against a man whose platform, free trade, is the only economic name for wholesale robbery of the masses.

A SILKEN MYSTERY AND NO CLEW A strange woman left a satchel filled with silk scarfs for Mrs. Clarke W. Keep, of No. 881 St. Nicholas-ave., on Thursday, saying it had been sent by Miss Franklin, of No. 295 Fifth-ave. Mrs. Keep, not knowing Miss Franklin, sent the satchel to the police station. A Tribune" reporter who called at No. 295 Fifth-ave. was told that no such person as Miss Franklin lived there and nothing was known about the satchel.

FATALLY BURNED WHILE COOKING. Mrs. Johanna Gordon, age fifty, of No. 54 Frost-st., Brooklyn, received what will probably prove fatal burns resterday, by her clothing catching fire from a range. She was getting dinner ready at the time, and when abo

> The Best High-Class Cigarettes Kinney Bros.' Special Favours.

noticed-her danger she screamed for aid and a blanket was used to put out the fire. She was badly blistored and in intense pain when taken to St. Catherine's Hospital, where her recovery is not expected.

THE FOE TO THE SUGAR TRUST.

SPRECKELS'S BIG PHILADELPHIA REPINERY BEING Philadelphia, June 8.—Claus Spreekels said to-day that the work on the big refinery in this city will be vigorously prosecuted, and that the establishment will probably be in full operation in a year. He

added: "The new refinery will have a daily capacity of 2,000,000 pounds, or 1,000 tons. This will be much greater than that of any other refinery in the country. The largest sugar refinery at present is that of Have meyer & Elder in Brooklyn. I don't know what the

capacity of their refinery is exactly."

When asked to give some information of the refineries in and out of the trust, Mr. Spreckels said: "There were twenty refineries in the Sugar Trust. They have already been enumerated. As to those out of the trust, and their capacity, I can tell you something which may interest your readers. There is the California Sugar Refinery of San Francisco with a daily capacity of 1,200,000 pounds. Then there is Harrison & France's with about 1,500,000; E. C. Knight & Co. are said to produce about 400,000 pounds Knight & Co. are said to produce about 4000,000 Journal a day. The new refinery here will produce 2,000,000 pounds, making 5,000,000 pounds or 2,500 tons a day, produced by refineries out of the trust. The consumption of sugar in the United States is 1,320,000 tons a year. The refineries out of the trust, including the new refinery, will produce-provided the capacity of the other refinerles as here given is correct-5,000,000 pounds a day, or 780,000 tons a year. This leaves only 670,000 tons a year for the refineries in the trust, or much less than one-half. You see, therefore, that the four refineries out of the trust have a greater capacity than the twenty in the trust, and have nothing to fear from them."

Mr. Spreckels has in contemplation the establishment of the beet raising industry on a gigantic scale.

SALT MADE FREE BUT RICE UNTOUCHED SLOW WORK ON THE TARIFF BILL-MR. COX. AND

THE BREAKFAST TABLE. Washington, June 8 (Special).—The relaxation naturally following the strain of the St. Louis Convention may possibly account for the lack of interest manifested in the House proceedings to-day. The Mills majority voted to place salt on the free list, aithough it was shown that American salt could be supplied to every man, woman and child at an average cost of six cents per annum, but the line was drawn at free rice, the majority being desirous of holding the South Carolina and Georgia votes well in hand. The only prominent features of the day's proceedings were the pronounced free trade speeches of Hemphill, of South Carolina, and Stockdale, of Mississippi, which went so much further than the straddle platform that they caused "Premier" Mills some little uneasiness.

Mr. Cox, of New-York, who pleaded energetically for free salt, in order that the dairymen might have it to mix with their butter, which they sold at twentyfive cents a pound, was considerably nonplussed by a question put to him by his colleague, Mr. Belden, of Syracuse, as to whether the dairymen did not get several hundred per cent profit on the domestic salt they now sold in their butter. Mr. Cox had declared his purpose to be to diminish the surplus and reduce the cost of the breakfast table.

Mr. Adams, of Illinois, suggested that the best way

to do that was to cut off the sugar duty.

Mr. Cox, squirming a little, replied that he was not to be caught by such suggestions. Then, after not to be caught by such suggestions. Then, after a pause, he added that he would be in favor of reducing the sugar duties. There were one or two personal spats between Mr. Reed, of Maine, Mr. Rayner, of Maryland, and others, but as a rule the debate marked slow progress. It simply passed from free manufactured lumber to free sait, and there held up.

The Senate was not in session.

GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF BONDS. Washington, June 8.—The bond offerings to-day aggregated \$386,300 as follows: Registered 4s—\$10,000 at 127; \$127,000 at 127 7-8. Registered 4 1-2s-\$104,000 at 107 1-4; \$15,000 at 107; \$3,000 at 107, and \$37,500 at 107.

The Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon accepted \$10,000 four per cent, registered bonds at 127; \$37,500 four and a half per cent registered at 107, and \$3,000 four and a half per cent registered at 107.

WASHINGTON NOTES. Washington, Friday, June 8, 1838.
THE SELFRIDGE COURT.—The Schridge court martial re-cohvened this morning, and Mr. Kent spoke until 2 o'clock, when he was followed by Judge Advocate Reid. The business of the court will probably be concluded to-

morrow.

ARMY ORDERS.—Lieutenant-Colonel Jared A. Smith, Engineer Corps, has been ordered from Portland to Fort Popham, Maine, on temporary duty. First Lieutenant James B. Goe, 18th Infantry, has been granted one month's extension of leave of absence.

POST-OFFICE FOR WASHINGTON.—The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds has finally agreed

THE SYNOD LISTENING TO SPEECHES.

Catskill, N. Y., June 8 (Special) .-- The General Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church is so well pleased with the summer aspect of this historic Dutch village that its members have voted to return here for their next session in June, 1889. After several ballots this morning, the Rev. Dr. J. A. De Baun, of the Montgomery classis, was chosen the Vedder lecturer. In announcing the result President Hutton congratulated the synod on having selected "De Born" lecturer, in accordance with the Latin proverb "Nascitur non fit." The Rev. N. F. Nickerson addressed the synod upon the efficiency and purposes of the Society of Christian Endeavor. A resolution of approval was unanimously adopted. Much other atine business was transacted at the morning session. This afternoon the delegates listened to many interesting addresses. Among the speakers were the Rev. David Boyd, of the American Bible Society; the Rev. Dr. Hopkins, who represented the Presbyterian Church and Dr. J. S. Keifer, who spoke for the Reformed Church of the United States, German. This evening was devoted to Sunday-schools and catechetical in-structions. Addresses were made by Vice-President Moordyke and the Rev. N. D. Williamson.

COMMENCEMENT DAY AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY. Annapolis, June 8 (Special).-The graduating exercises at the Naval Academy this morning were witnessed by thousands of spectators, who had come here from all parts of the country to see the farewell of the class of '88, as well as to attend the annual dinner of the Graduates' Association and the famous Naval Academy ball given to-night. Secretary Whitney, accompanied by Mrs. Whitney and Miss and Mr. Endicott, daughter and son of the Secretary of War, together with the Board of Visitors, witnessed the final ceremonies. The cadets received their diplomas from Secretary Whitney. A handsome luncheon was given by Secretary Whitney on board the Despatch this noor Admiral Luce, the commanding officers of the vessels in port and the Board of Visitors being present, secretary and Mrs. Whitney paid a visit to Admiral Luce on board the Richmond later in the afternoon. The annual ball at the Academy to-night proved a grand success, and was attended by a large number of naval, military and civil dignitaries.

CORNELL FELLOWSHIPS AWARDED Ithaca, N. Y., June 8 (Special).—The faculty of Cornell University have just elected the fellows for the next academic year. The fellowships are worth \$400 each and are good for at least a year. The suc cessful candidates are as follows: G. A. Ruyter, '88 modern languages; T. Merrett, '83, physics; W. C. Fisher, '88, history and political science; Miss J. W. Snow, '88, botany; Miss M. A. Widman, '88, mathe matics; J. E. Creighton, philosophy; O. F. Emerson English language and literature; Miss M. M. Ward-well, '88, architecture. There were thirty candi-dates. More Cornell graduates were successful than

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS,

Four ocean steamers arrived here from Europe yester day with the usual complement of summer travellers. On the Celtic were Dr. and Mrs. Calvin T. Adams, J. J. Van Alen, the Rev. H. J. Becker, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Blo-A. Coombe, S. R. Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. W. Gibson, J. R. Hail, the Rev. E. Herbruck, George Houlds worth, the Rev. William Maher, Charles McNeill, M. W. Stilleman, R. M. Sugden, the Rev. R. Thomas, Captain Worrall, L. Connolly and the Rev. Dr. H. C. Stanton, On the City of Berlin were H. Barlow, R. H. Halley,

Madame Jeancon, Louis Kraer, J. R. de Lamer, Dr. A. Hamilton Levigs, Dr. David Little, H. B. Lonsdale, the Rev. L. W. Saltonstall and E. F. R. Variek.

The Aller brought amang her passengers George B. Adams, Consul Christian Bors, H. B. Coffin, Samuel Comb. George E. A. Dierssen, A. Kipp, Edward G. Lehmann, W. J. Morris, S. L. Moon, G. W. Stratten, Marcus Schloss, Sigmund Siegel, Mrs. M. E. Watson and Charles Whoeler.

TWO MEN SMOTHERED IN A TRENCH. A bank of earth fell upon Seraphino Garatto, age thirty-five, of Nassau-st. and Manhattan-ave., Brookiya, thirty-five, of Nassau-st, and Manhattan-ave., Brooklyn, and Michelo Mungo, see forty, of No. 69 Lorimer-st., Brooklyn, while they were excavating for the deepening of a sewer in Mocker-ave., near Ewen-st., in that city, yesterday, and they were both killed. They were putting in a brace for the sheathing at the bottom of the trench, and is is supposed knocked out that top brace. He can was with them.

HER CASE IN THREE COURTS.

MISS WOODHALL FREE BUT A SHORT TIME. REARRESTED SOON AFTER HER RELEASE ON CHARGE OF FORGERY. The charge of forging an indorsement on United

States bonds to the amount of \$52,000, on which Alice Woodhall was brought to this country on extradition from England, was investigated yesterday by United States Commissioner Osborne, United States District-Attorney Walker and Assistant District-Attorney Rose, who represented the Government, and W. F. Howe appeared for the woman. Mr. Rose called to the witness stand Gordon G. Brinckerhoff, the president of the Butchers and Drovers' National Bank, who tes-tified that he had known John Gill for twenty years, and Alice Woodhall for seven years before 1882. The young woman and her sister frequently went to the bank with Mr. Gill, and the witness supposed that they were his relatives. On April 20, 1882, Mr. Gill was at the bank with Alice Woodhall. Seventeen United States bonds of the face value of \$52,000 were produced. Mr. Gill said that he wished to transfer the bonds to the young woman who was with him. Mr. Brincherhoff asked him if he did so of his own free will, and he said that he did. Each of the bonds was then indersed, the transfer in each case being signed by Mr. Gill. Mr. Brinckerhoff placed his name as witness under each of the indorsements. He iden-tified the indorsements on the bonds which were produced, as the genuine signatures of John Gill.

William H. Chase, the cashler of the Butchers and Drovers' Bank, saw Mr. Gill sitting at the table with Mr. Brinckerhoff and signing the transfers of the District-Attorney Walker admitted that he had no evidence to sustain the charge of forgery, and Commissioner Osborne said that there was nothing to do but to discharge the woman. He said that he would not have issued the warrant except for the affidavit of Robert Gill.

Alice Woodhall was again arrested as soon as she had left the Federal Building. Detective Kleman, of the District-Attorney's office, took her in custody on a bench warrant from the Court of General Sessions. The bench warrant was issued on two indictments fied in 1883, charging forgery. One of them was for the alleged forgery of the indorsement of the United States bonds, and the other charged the forgery of a check for \$62. Mr. Howe was indignant at the ar-rest, and he asked that his client be taken immediately before a Judge of the General Sessions. Judge Martine, who was sitting in Part I., refused to act in the case, as the prosecution had been begun in his term as District-Attorney, and Mr. Howe, his client and the detective found their way into the crowded courtroom where Judge Gildersleeve was presiding at the trial of the Diss Debars for defrauding Luther R. Marsh. Mr. Howe would not walt a moment, insisted that his motion for the discharge of the woman should be immediately heard. He used his usual expression when his clients are arraigned, and denounced the arrest as "an outrage."

Assistant District-Attorney Lindsay said that the District-Attorney was bound to cause the arrest of an indicted person found at large in the jurisdiction of the court and not under ball. He believed that the warrant was on a general charge of forgery and that she could be held under either indictment.

Judge Gildersleeve said that he could not act with out seeing the papers in the extradition proceedings. Mr. Howe said that he would show that the extradition was only on one charge, and Judge Gildersleev remanded the woman to the care of Inspector Byrnes until Monday, when the extradition papers can be produced.

An order was obtained yesterday from Justice O'Gorman in the Supreme Court, Special Term, by George B. Newell, representing the estate of John Gill, requiring Inspector John Tunbridge, of the Metropolitan Police of London, to place in the hands of Receiver George H. Stonebridge, ir., the property brought with Alice Woodhall to this country. After hearing argument by A. P. Whitehead, on an order obtained by him on behalf of Miss Woodhall, requiring the opposing party to show cause why the order ap pointing party to show cause why the order ap-pointing the receiver should not be set aside, and by Mr. Newell in opposition, the Judge denied the appli-cation. The receiver's bond for \$6,000, with Philip Idlender and George H. Stonobridge as sureties, was filed and the property was turned over to the re-ceiver. Inspector Tunbridge will sail for England on the steamship Ohio to-day.

MISS TERRY TELLS HER STORY. "ALL THE GIRLS" KISSED DR. PERINE-TAKING MAGNETIC TREATMENT.

Mrs. Mary Ann Perine's accusations against Miss Minnie Terry, as set forth in letters of the former, on which the younger woman is suing for \$10,000 damages on the allegation that they are libelious, again occupied the attention of Justice Lawrence and a jury in Supreme Court yesterday. Samuel H. Terry, the plaintiff's father, age sixty-nine and deaf, being called on her behalf, said that Dr. Perine kissed his daughter as he did other ladies, but the witness saw no impropriety in his conduct toward her. The witness had been subjected to the magnetizing process, but not in to report a bill appropriating \$430,000 for the acquisition | the dark. His daughter, when about to undergo similar treatment, removed her ordinary clothing and put on a wrapper, because the steel in her corsets ore with the magnetism. The doctor had said that she would "develop" better, if she was lying on a

The doctor went to her room sometimes to give her treatment, but the door was open and any of the family could go in and witness the treatment. No objection was made by Mrs. Perine, and she was very pleasant and cordial in her intercourse with the witness and his daughter. The witness described Dr. Perine as an agreeable companion. He denied the allegations of Mrs. Perine in regard to misconduct of his daughter encouraged by him. The witness ac knowledged that he had lent money to the doctor at

various times to be used in his business. Miss Terry, the plaintiff, testified that her name was Mary Louise, although she was called "Minnie," and she lived at No. 174 West Ninety-sixth-st. with her father. She said that she had been acquainted with the Perines for about ten years. She was intimate with their daughter Eva. She attended several musicales at their house in Thirty-fifth-st. After Eva's death she thought Mrs. Perine was very affectionate toward her. She never kissed the doctor of her own accord, but he had kissed her. "All the girls did it." she said. She had sat upon his knee. She denied that she and the doctor had been in a hammock together, adding that he only sat at the foot of the hammock. She received magnetic treatment by the doctor for a pain in the back. She had simply changed her dress for a woollen wrapper when she received magnetic treatment.

The trial will be resumed on Monday.

THAT WAS HER PRIVATE AFFAIR.

MARRIAGE CEREMONY HAS LITTLE TO DO

WITH AN ARCHITECT'S BILL. Plock, a wealthy German, who spends his winter n Paris and his summers at his country seat, Minque Park, at Guymard, im Orange County, where he has an estato of 508 acres, employed Charles W. Romeyn, architect, in 1886, to prepare plans for extensive alterations to his villa. The plans were made and a bill of \$1,720 67 was rendered, which Mr. Plock refused to pay, claiming that is was excessive. The architect sued for the aracunt and the case was tried yesterday in the Supreme Court,

before Justice O'Brien and a jury.

The wife of the defendant, Mrs. Helen Plock, who is the sister of Tony Pastor's wife, testified that the house was medelled after Speke Hall, a baronial mansion in England. There was a porter's lodge, a term that cost \$2,000, and a dog kennel that cost \$1,500. Her husband eft all the arrangements to her. On cross-examination

How long have you been married? A.—Nine years.
Q.—Was there any marriage eremony performed? A.—
I don't see any necessity of going into my private affairs.
Q.—Has your husband disease of the brain? A.—No more than you have. A verdict was rendered for the plaintiff for \$1,819 39, the full amount demanded, with interest.

EIGHTY-FOUR EXCISE INDICTMENTS. The Special Grand Jury filed into the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday and presented eighty-four indictments against liquor-dealers, charging them with violations of the excise law.. They amounced that thirty-nine cases had been dismissed. Justice Barrett thanked the Grand Jury for their prompt discharge of their duties and sent them back to resume their labors.

THE COURT OF APPEALS. Saratoga, June 8.—In the Court of Appeals to-day the following causes were argued: No. 876-Wright agt, the Bank of the Metropolis.

WENT HOME TO DIE

In the spring of 1878 I was taken with sharp pains in the lower part of my bowels in the region of the blad-der. Shorily blood appeared mixed with my urine, and a few weeks later I had an attack of brown gravel. I tried a number of doctors. One said it was gravel, and shere and it was

Inflammation of the Bladder, and abother that I had a stone in my left kidney. For three months I was under the care of an eminent specialist at Albany, but constantly growing worse I gave up in despair and went home to die. Relatives heard of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, Y. and urged me to try it. Soon the medicine began to help me, the pain and distress lessened. In two months' time I left my bed, and in six or seven months I was robust and strong. Many witnesses will substantiate what I say. A remedy which can do this for one so near death as I was should be known everywhere. I hope this statement will cause others afflicted as I was found in the standard of the form of the f

Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,

WELSBACH INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHT CO. STATE OF NEW-YORK,

No. 13 West 27th Street, New-York. This company offers a limited amount of the full prid Capital Stock of the New-York City Welshach Co., par value \$100, at \$30 per share, payable in two instanments at the Chase National Bank, New-York, the designated depository of this company—no further payments or as-ressments.

No. 877-Orrin Smith, respondent, agt John Nels and others, appellants. Submitted. No. 848-Henry L. Wingate, respondent, agt John Hoskins, appellant. Submitted. No. 580-Karoline Kroll, appellant, agt. Edward Wo

No. 881-Philip Deffenbach, respondent, agt. Ja-Rock, appellant. Suspended to allow motion in court below to amend the order allowing the appeal. No. 882-The G. F. Warner Marturacturing Compa appellant, agt. Eugene M. Whipple, respondent. On a tion of J. T. Carr, counsel for respondent, no one appeling for appellant, judgment was affirmed by default, w

No. 884-Merritt C. Herrington, appellant, agt.

village of Lansingburg, respondent.
No. 885-John W. Harper, appellant, agt. William
Williams and others, respondents.
Following is the day calendar for Monday, June 11: Nos. 887, 1,275, 790, 1,292, 1,291, 190, 892 and 893.

COURT CALENDARS-TO-DAY. BUPREME COURT -- GENERAL TERM -- Recess.
MUPREME COURT -- CHAMBERS. -- Before Andrews, J.--1 tions.
SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM AND CHAMBERS—Befor O'Gorman, J.—Motions.
SUPEROGATE'S COURT—Before Ransom, S.—No. 326—will Sarah it. Peck, 10 a.m.
COMMON PIERS—SPECIAL TERM AND CHAMBERS—Before No. 1.—Metions.

CITY COURT-SPECIAL TERM AND CHAMBERS-Before Ne bas, J.-Metior s. THE MONEY WAS NOT PLACED ON THE HORS Henry Wagner, a well-dressed young man, who refus to tell where he lived, was remanded for examination Jefferson Market Court yesterday. John McCarthy so that Wagner defrauded him of \$150. He gave Wagne

the money to place on the horse Emperor of Norfo which ran at the Jerome Park races on Thursday, HE HAD SERVED HIS TIME IN ADVANCE. Jeachim Kaspary, the German author, who was arress in Union Square Sunday last for assembling a crowd

preaching, was yesterday sentenced in Special Sessions a fine of \$25 or one day's imprisonment. As he could repay he was held for a short time and then dismissed, as usual in such cases. He had been confined since Tuesc John French, a sailor from Maryland, was run over he Battery yesterday by a car of the Church-st line. I left ankle was broken and his right hip dislocated. was removed to the Chambers Street Hospital and

iriver, Chauncey S. Meeks, was held at the Tombs Cot to await the result of French's injuries. GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

FEATURES OF NEW-YORK DEALINGS. Wheat speculation appears to have failen into a game e-saw. New features are lacking and the trading ope ee-saw. tions that raily prices one day are followed by as narr operations the next day that wipe out the previous gain Yesterday the net changes about put the market back where it was on Wednesday night. The expectation of unfavorable Government crop report to-day gave son strength to figures, but easier cables and the dulness business offset this induce. Fluctuations were variab within moderate limits and finally prices closed steady losses of 1-4-23-8 cent. The cash market was 1-4-21 cent lower with 72,000 bushels taken by exporters. Cash corn was 1-2#3-4 cent lower with only 24,000 bush bought for export. The options were weak under hear interior receipts and ended 1-227-S cent lower. On were dull, but white June was 1-2 cent better; the other months eased of a trifle. Lard was quiet and the optio declined 8210 points. The final quotations were as for

Wheat-June, 91 2-8; July, 92 1-4; August, 93; Se tember, 93 1.4; December, 96 cents.
Corn—June, 59 3.4; July, 60; August, 60 3.4; Setember, 60 7.8; October, 61 1.4 cents.

Oats-June, 36 7-8; July, 37 5-8; August, 33 3-4; S tember, 33 centa. Lard-June, \$8 75; July, \$8 75; August, \$8 78; Se

influenced by the different predictions of what the Covernment report would show in the morning. Early there was a "point" from New-York that the Government average would be 69, a reduction from May 10 of four points. On this July wheat, from 84 7-8, went to 85 3-4; later there was a "point" from Washington that the Government general average would be 76, an improvement of three points over the figures of last month, and on this the price dropped 1-2 ceat. It was that the individual who had coough advance information to guess 73 last month a day ahead of the publication was guessing 76 for Saturday's figures. There was a private message from Washington which said that, while the figures were not to be got, it was extrain that the report would show a slight improvement. The effect of the guessing was to indispose everybody to trade. The weight of opinion was that the report would show a slight improvement. Corn was so weak as to have a depressing influence on wheat, as well as on everything else on the floor. July closed at 83 1-4, August at about the same price. The receipts of corn, 759 cars, were again above the expectations. The estimates for Saturday, 692 cars, also were large. July, which started at 63 1-2 and which touched 53 3-4, went as low as 52 3-4. The close was at 52 7-83-53. There is a depressed feeling over corn, growing out of the apprehension over the big concentrated holdings. Provisions were dull but lower, partly from sympathy with corn.

COTTON MARKETS-BY TELEGRAPH. COTTON MARKETS—BY TELLGRAPH.

LIVERPOOL, June 8-4 n m.—Cotton—The sales of the day included 7,600 bales American. Futures closed barely steady: Uplands, Low Middling clause, Jane dellvary, 5 23-644. buyers; June and July delivery 5 23-644. buyers; July and August delivery, 5 23-644, buyers; August and September delivery, 5 23-64 sellers; September and October delivery, 5 0-646, buyers; November and Decomber delivery, 5 7-644, buyers; Decomber and January delivery, 5 7-644, buyers; September delivery, 5 23-644, sellers.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE. CHARLESTON, June 8.—Turpentine steady at 33 2c. SAVANNAH, June 8.—Turpentine quiet at 33 2c.

CLOSING PRICES OF PHILADELPHIA STOCKS. BILL AREOU CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS. Boston, June S. 1888

| Section | Sect

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. San Francisco, June 8, 188

ay.To-day. Yesterday.
90 Navaio.
70 Ophir. 6.25
3.55 Potosi. 2.65
3.50 Sierra Novada. 3.15
8.26 Utain Co... 2.90
4.50 Utain ... 2.90
4.50 Utain ... 2.90
4.50 Grand Frize. 2.90
6.75 Novada Queen 3.30
3.50 N. Belle Isie. 3.60
3.40 Belle Isie. 50

Tell the good news to the suffering—
at last as a remedy found.

Minds which there as wed had they known it,
Many where useign the ground.
Tell of the "Favorite Prescription."
Sid hopeless women be glad— "Female diseases," so terrible in their effects, and so prevalent among all classes, can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

CERTAIN SIGNS OF SUMMER. DULNESS RULING IN THE MARKET.

STRENGTH SHOWN IN SPITE OF THE SMALL SALES.

BALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE-JUNE S.

Actual Sales | Clesing | No.

100

100

Op's H'gt Low't Final Bid, Ask'd sold.

THE GENERAL LIST.

STOCKS.

to	FOURE	Op's	H'gt.	Low't	Final	Bid.	Ask'd	sold.	
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	Mechanics Ban 10	uar	5,000 Louis V	lie &	Nash	1,0 Bich	00	. 108	
p-			12,00 Mil & 8	0	96	term tr 6s 10,00089			

Lard—June, 83 75; July, 88 75; August, 88 78; September, 88 81; October, 88 79.

The receipts of grain and flour reported yesterday at New York, Philadelphia, Baltimere and Beston were as follows: Wheat, 117,511 bushels; corn, 59,441 bushels; corn, 59,441 bushels; corn, 59,441 bushels; corn, 69,441 bushels; corn, 69,442 bushels; corn, 407,135 bushels 1et gt'd 8,000...... 108\s Cen R & B of Ga Collat'l Gold 5s 10,000...... 100\s ben & Rio Gde 4s 5,000...... 78\s | Section 2 | Section 3 | Sect 2,000..... 1,000..... North Pac 1st 2,000......1 1,000..... 130 SALES AT THE CONSOLIDATED STOCK AND

PETROLEUM EXCHANGE.

Names.	Open-	High-	Low-	Clos-	Sh
Am. C Oil	34%	34 %.	34 421	34 %	
At & Pac	819	84	84	N 4	
Bosten H & Enew		5-10	5-16	5.10	
Chie Bur & Q.	112%		112%	1124	
Capada South	4819	48%	485	45%	
Ch.Mil & StPaul		654	64.3	64%	14,
Central of N J			834	83 4	100
Chie & Northwestern.	100 4		109 %	109%	
Del Lack & Western		228 4	1284	128%	2
Del Luck & Manter		100	109	100	1150
Delaware & Hudson			4534	454	100
Den & R G pri				24 4	J 3
Fint &P M		43	43	43	
Book Valley			19%	107	100
Hock valley		90%		90%	1
Laxe Shore		54	534	68 2	1
			14%	1434	11 3
Mex Cen		113	1124	11%	
Mo Kand Tol			8914	89%	
Manhattan Con		70	70	70	1
Me. Pacino	2000	80	80	80	
Norton Nav		1054	105%	105 0	
Now York Central		102.4	37	374	1.
N Y& N E		37 4	514	814	100
Ner Pacific Bl		514		84	
NYS& W	114	84	194	100	
Ohio & Miss				234	
Ore Trans			23%	231	
Pacitic Mail			385	1850	
Piede Ev	184	18%	184	507	36.
Philad Resume	60	60 %	2131	227	200
Rich & W P	2234	2274		514	
Rutland	54		27	24	
Regenerative Gas	24	24		11	
St Louis Ark& Tex	11	11	11	54.4	
Union Pacing	54%	24%	544	765	
West. U. Tel	76%	76%	76 %	51.4	-
Wheeling & LE	\$U*	51%	50%	165	7
Wis Cen	164	164	1614	434	
Williamson Manf	4%	434	424	4.741	63,
Total shares sold .			********	******	00,
	BOA	208		17000	
	-		MATE .	C. (1 to)	2.

Chès & O 4s.
Chi & E Ills 5s.
Den & R G 4s.
Den & R G W 1st.
M K & T 6s.
M K & T 7s.
N Y C&St L 4s.
Phil & Read.
do inc. 96 78 60 96 96 91 91 40 40 92 97 do inc.
StJ & O I 2d......
Tex Pac 1st....
Tex Pacific 2d.
Tennessee settle't 3s.

Total amonat GREAT RACE MEETING AT JEROME PARK TO-DAY,

Frequent trains leave Grand Central Station between 12:25 and 1:55 p. m.,